

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED

B-1601-1602, B-wing Mondeal Heights, Iskcon Cross Road, S. G. Highway, Ahmedabad-3800015, Gujarat.

Phone: +91-79-68138700 Fax : +91-79-68138725 CIN No.: L24230GJ1984PLC007440

Email ID: complianceofficer@concordbiotech.com

May 30, 2026

To The Manager, Listing Department National Stock Exchange of India Limited Plot No. C/1 G Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai -400 051 Symbol: CONCORDBIO	To General Manager, Listing Department BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001 Scrip Code: 543960
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Dear Sir/Ma'am,

Sub.: Press Release- For the quarter and financial year ended on March 31, 2026

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed herewith extracts of the audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter and financial year ended March 31, 2026 as published in the below Newspapers on May 30, 2026.

The Details of the publications are as follows:

Sr. No	Newspaper	Language	Editions
1	Financial Express	English	All
2	Financial Express	Gujarati	Ahmedabad

Further, in terms of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations, the aforesaid audited financial results are also uploaded on the website of the Company (www.concordbiotech.com)

Kindly take the above on records.

Thanking you,

For Concord Biotech Limited

Paritosh Trivedi
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
ACS 63623
Encl: as above

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

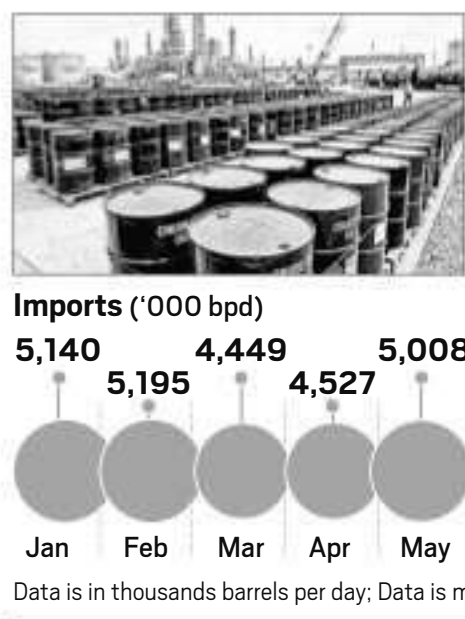
INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd.

The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

"India's crude imports in May have also remained

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date Source: Kpler

Top crude suppliers	Apr-26	May-26
Russia	1,564	1,935
Saudi Arabia	672.63	395.25
United Arab Emirates	566.6	536.17
Venezuela	272.72	300.83
Brazil	275.66	288.25

strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions.

"Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd.

Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

"We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output."

"However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion



the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve

regional integration and reduce critical import dependence.

The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance.

The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the IndiaAI mission, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector.

However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets. On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with "great seriousness", and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging.

"Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said.

"Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

"We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

Markets go into a tailspin...

SIDDHARTH KHEMKA, HEAD of research at Motilal Oswal Financial Services, said the weakness to the revised monsoon forecast and uncertainty surrounding US-Iran negotiations was accentuated as the MSCI Global Standard Index rebalancing came into effect, triggering heightened volatility in select stocks amid expected passive fund flow adjustments and portfolio rebalancing activity.

According to him, the lower monsoon forecast could remain a key domestic overhang for rural and agriculture-linked sectors.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED										
B/1601-1602, B Wing, Mondeal Heights, Iscon Cross Road, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat Phone No. : +91-79-68138700 Fax : +91-79-68138725 CIN : L24230GJ1984PLC007440 Email Id : complianceofficer@concordbiotech.com Website : www.concordbiotech.com Regd. Office & Plant : 1482-1486, Trasad Road, Dholka, District : Ahmedabad - 382225, Gujarat, India Phone No. : +91-2714-222604, 398200 Fax : +91-2714-222504										
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)										
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated				
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary Items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary Items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	-	-	-	200,929.01	180,218.48	-	-	-	200,659.97
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)									
1)	Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78
2)	Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78

Notes : (1) The above is an extract of the detailed format of audited Quarterly/Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the said Quarterly/Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange(s) i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and the listed entity i.e. www.concordbiotech.com. (2) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 are the balancing figures between the audited figures with respect to the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarter ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 which were subjected to limited review. (3) # - Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind-AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable. (4) The above Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on May 29, 2026.

For and on behalf of board of directors of Concord Biotech Limited

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : May 29, 2026Sudhir Vaid
Chairman & Managing Director - DIN : 00055967

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
CIN : L72200WB1985PLC073196 Regd. Office : P-16, C.I.T. Road, Kolkata - 700011 Tel : 033 40033636/37 Fax: 033 24852932 Web site : www.lccinfotech.in; E-mail : corporate@lccinfotech.com					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	-
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Basic :	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted :	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Shreeram Bagla
Managing Director
DIN:01895499Place : Kolkata
Date : May 29, 2026

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹513 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED										
CIN : L85993PN2009PLC134196 Registered Office : Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036 Tel : 91 20 66215000 Website : www.kalyani-investment.com E-mail : investor@kalyani-investment.com										
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)										
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated				
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	-	-	-	111,908.84	85,005.05	-	-	-	113,869.66
8.	Earnings Per Share : of (₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23

Note : The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Quarterly Financial Results is available on the websites of Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on Company's website at www.kalyani-investment.com

Date : May 29, 2026
Place : Pune

FOR KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Amit B. Kalyani
Chairman

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Regd. Office: 1st Floor, Tower 3, Equinox Business Park, LBS Marg, Off BKC, Kurla (West), Mumbai, 400070, Maharashtra, India; Tel: 022 8750 2000; Fax: 022 2432 7343; Email ID: companysecretarial@sharekhan.com Website: www.sharekhan.com; CIN No. U99999MH1995PLC087498					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	827	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	-	-	-	-
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹) (not annualised)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹) (not annualised)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32

a) The above unaudited financial results which are published in accordance with Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, SEBI's Operational circular SEBI/HO/DDHS/PCIR/2021/1613 dated August 10, 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on May 27, 2026.
b) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, are the balancing figures between the audited figures of the full financial year and the reviewed and published year-to-date figures upto third quarter of the financial year.
c) The financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016.

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Sharekhan Limited

CIN: U99999MH1995PLC087498

Sd/-
Mr. Moon Kyung Kang
Director &

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
B/1601-1602, B Wing, Mondeal Heights, Iscon Cross Road, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat Phone No. : +91-79-68138700 Fax : +91-79-68138725 CIN : L24230GJ1984PLC007440 Email Id : complianceofficer@concordbiotech.com Website : www.concordbiotech.com Regd. Office & Plant : 1482-1486, Trasad Road, Dholka, District : Ahmedabad - 382225, Gujarat, India Phone No. : +91-2714-222604, 398200 Fax : +91-2714-222504											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No	Particulars	Standalone					Consolidated				
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	-	-	-	200,929.01	180,218.46	-	-	-	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

Notes: (1) The above is an extract of the detailed format of audited Quarterly/Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the said Quarterly/Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange(s) i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and the listed entity i.e. www.concordbiotech.com. (2) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 are the balancing figures between the audited figures with respect to the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarter ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 which were subjected to limited review. (3) # - Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind-AS Rules /AS Rules, whichever is applicable. (4) The above Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on May 29, 2026.

Place : Ahmedabad Date : May 29, 2026

Sudhir Vaid
Chairman & Managing Director - DIN : 00055967

કેટોરા એગ્રી કોમોડીટીઝ લીમીટેડ					
(અગાઉ ગોપાલ આર્ચ અને સ્ટીલ્સ કો. (ગુજરાત) લીમીટેડ તરીકે જાણીતી)					
CIN:L46101GJ1994PLC022876					
રજીસ્ટર્ડ ઓફીસ : પ્લોટ નં. ૩૭, પહેલો માળ, ગંધ બગીચા, હાટીયા, હાટીયા, પાટણ, હાટીયા, ગુજરાત, ભારત, ૩૮૪૪૦૧ ટેલી: ૯૯૭૬૬ ૭૪૪૨૧					
ઈમેલ: catoraaagricommoditieslimited@gmail.com વેબસાઇટ: www.catoraindia.com					
૩૧.૦૩.૨૦૨૬ ના રોજ પુરા થતાં ત્રિમાસિક અને વાર્ષિક અલાયદા ઓડિટેડ નાણાકીય પરિણામોનો સાર					
(રૂમ રૂ. લાખમાં)					
ક્રમ નં.	વિગત	ત્રિમાસિકના અંતે ૩૧.૦૩.૨૦૨૬	વર્ષના અંતે ૩૧.૦૩.૨૦૨૬	સમાન ત્રિમાસિકના અંતે ૩૧.૦૩.૨૦૨૫	પાછલા વર્ષના અંતે ૩૧.૦૩.૨૦૨૫
૧	કમકાજબાંધી કુલ આવક	10.99	21.20	71.73	315.86
૨	ગાળાનો સોમનો નફો/ (લોસ) (વેગ, અપવાદગુ વીજો અને/અથવા અસાધારણ વીજો પહેલા)	9.54	-3.79	-3.77	-2.42
૩	વેગ પૂર્વે ગાળાનો સોમનો નફો/ (લોસ) (અપવાદગુ વીજો અને અસાધારણ વીજો પછી)	9.54	-3.79	-3.77	-2.42
૪	વેગ પછી ગાળાનો સોમનો નફો/ (લોસ) (અપવાદગુ વીજો અને અસાધારણ વીજો પછી)	9.54	-3.79	-3.77	-2.42
૫	ગાળાની કુલ સંયુક્ત આવક (ગાળો (વેગપછી) ના નફા/ (લોસ) અને અન્ય સંયુક્ત આવક (વેગ પછી) સહીત	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
૬	ઇકિવટી સેર મૂલ્ય	491.71	491.71	491.71	491.71
૭	અનામતો (પૂનર્મૂલ્યાંકિત અનામતો સિવાયની) પાછલા વર્ષના ઓડિટેડ સરવેચામાં દર્શાવ્યા મુજબ	-406.71	-406.71	-402.92	-402.92
૮	સેરટીફ કમ્પાઈ (પ્રતિદીન રૂ. ૧૦/- ની) (સાલુ અને વંદ કમકાજને માટે) મૂળ : ઇટાડેલી :	0.19	-0.08	-0.08	-0.05
		0.19	-0.08	-0.08	-0.05

નોંધ : ૧. એબી (લિસ્ટિંગ અને અન્ય ઉકલોગર રીકલેક્ટરેશન) નિયમનો, ૨૦૧૫ ના નિયમન ૩૩ હેઠળ સ્ટોક એક્સચેન્જમાં કાલ કરેલ ત્રિમાસિક નાણાકીય પરિણામોનો વિગતવાર માહિતીનો સાર ઉપર મુજબ છે. નાણાકીય પરિણામોની સંપૂર્ણ માહિતી સ્ટોક એક્સચેન્જની વેબસાઇટ (www.bseindia.com) અને કંપનીની વેબસાઇટ (www.gopallin.com) પર ઉપલબ્ધ છે. ૨. ૩૧ માર્ચ, ૨૦૨૬ના રોજ પુરા થતાં ત્રિમાસિક પરિણામોની ઓડિટ કમીટીએ સમીક્ષા કરી હતી અને ઓડિટ અવરેક્ટરે ૨૬ મે, ૨૦૨૬ના રોજ જાહેર કરેલ તેમની રીપોર્ટમાં મંજૂર કર્યાં હતાં.

ઓફ ઓફ ડાયરેક્ટરના આદેશથી કેટોરા એગ્રી કોમોડીટીઝ લીમીટેડ વતી (અગાઉ ગોપાલ આર્ચ અને સ્ટીલ્સ કો. (ગુજરાત) લીમીટેડ તરીકે જાણીતી) સહી/- મેનેજિંગ ડાયરેક્ટર (ડીઆઈએન: ૦૩૦૨૫૭૪)

તારીખ: ૨૯.૦૫.૨૦૨૬ સ્થાન: અમદાવાદ

ગંગા ફોર્જિંગ લીમીટેડ
CIN : L28910GJ1988PLC011694

રજીસ્ટર્ડ ઓફીસ: સર્વે નં. ૫૫/૧૫૬૬/૧૬૬/૧૬૬, શ્રી સ્ટેમિંગ પાર્ક, ગામ: સડક પિપળિયા, તાલુકો ગોંડલ, જિલ્લો રાજકોટ ૩૬૦ ૩૧૧, ગુજરાત, ભારત, ફોન: +૯૧ ૮૪૬૦૦ ૦૦૩૩૫
ઈમેલ: info@gangaforging.com, marketing@gangaforging.com, URL: www.gangaforging.com

૩૧ માર્ચ, ૨૦૨૬ ના રોજ પુરા થતાં ત્રિમાસિક અને વાર્ષિક ઓડિટેડ અલાયદા નાણાકીય પરિણામોનું નિવેદન

કંપનીના ઓફ ડાયરેક્ટરે ૨૬ મે, ૨૦૨૬ ના રોજ જાહેર કરેલ તેમની રીપોર્ટમાં ૩૧ માર્ચ, ૨૦૨૬ના રોજ પુરા થતાં ત્રિમાસિક અને વાર્ષિક ઓડિટેડ અલાયદા નાણાકીય પરિણામોની વિચારણા કરી હતી અને મંજૂર કર્યાં હતાં.

નાણાકીય પરિણામો તેમજ ઓડિટ રીપોર્ટ સ્ટોક એક્સચેન્જ વેબસાઇટ www.nseindia.com ઉપર ઉપલબ્ધ છે અને કંપનીની વેબસાઇટ https://www.gangaforging.com/investors Relation/FinancialResults ઉપર પણ મુકેલ છે અને ક્યુઆર કોડ સ્કેન કરીને પણ મેળવી શકાય.

ગંગા ફોર્જિંગ લીમીટેડ વતી સહી/- હિરાલાલ એમ. તિલવા ચેરમેન અને મેનેજિંગ ડાયરેક્ટર (ડીઆઈએન: ૦૦૦૨૨૫૩૯)

તારીખ : ૨૯.૦૫.૨૦૨૬ સ્થાન : સડક પિપળિયા, રાજકોટ

ASHAPURI GOLD ORNAMENT LIMITED
(CIN:- L36910GJ2008PLC054222)

Registered Office:-109 to 112A, 1st Floor Super Mall, Nr. Lal Bungalow, C.G.Road, Ahmedabad-380009, GJ,IN.
Contact No.:+91-7926462170 E-Mail: ashapurigold@gmail.com Website: www.ashapurigold.com

EXTRACT OF STANDALONE AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER & YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended		Year Ended		
		31.03.2026 Audited	31.12.2025 Unaudited	31.03.2025 Audited	31.03.2026 Audited	31.03.2025 Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	7060.67	9124.48	8373.00	31720.85	31629.97
2.	Other Income	13.46	0.00	80.39	14.71	111.02
3.	Net Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities for the period (before tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	102.60	784.83	176.80	2504.56	1612.35
4.	Net Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities for the period before tax, (After Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	102.60	784.83	176.80	2504.56	1612.35
5.	Net Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities for the period after tax, (After Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	135.31	557.07	80.24	1856.40	1203.64
6.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	96.36	562.85	4.93	2007.67	1037.54
7.	Equity Share Capital (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each)	3333.15	3333.15	3333.15	3333.15	3333.15
8.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	13341.65	11333.98
9.	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs.1/- each)(not annualized)					
	a. Basic	0.04	0.17	0.03	0.56	0.38
	b. Diluted	0.04	0.17	0.03	0.56	0.38

Note: The above is an extract of the detailed format of detailed Quarter and Year ended 31st March, 2026 Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. The full format of the Financial Result are available on the Company's website www.ashapurigold.com and the Stock Exchange website www.bseindia.com.

For, Ashapuri Gold Ornament Limited
Sd/- Saremal Soni
Managing Director
DIN:-02288750

Place:- Ahmedabad Date:- 29.05.2026

IL&FS | Private Equity
IL&FS INVESTMENT MANAGERS LIMITED

Registered Office: The IL&FS Financial Centre, C-22, 'G' Block Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051
CIN : L65999MH1986PLC147981 Website: www.ilimindia.com
Tel : 022 2653 3333 Fax : 022 2653 3056 Email : investor.relations@ilimindia.com

EXTRACT OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Quarter Ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	Quarter Ended 31.12.2025 (Unaudited)	Quarter Ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)	Year Ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	Year Ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)
Total Income from Operations (net)	2,345.51	66.77	310.76	5,528.76	904.78
Net Profit/(Loss) for the year (before tax and Exceptional items)	2,191.53	(159.34)	100.91	4,791.30	(156.37)
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional items)	2,191.53	(159.34)	100.91	4,791.30	(156.37)
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional items)	2,191.53	(159.34)	65.16	4,791.30	(217.71)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period	2,153.05	(102.05)	58.28	4,811.81	(211.64)
Equity Share Capital	6,280.85	6,280.85	6,280.85	6,280.85	6,280.85
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserves) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	5,136.65	2,983.60	2,774.28	5,136.65	2,774.28
Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 2/- each) Basic and Diluted	0.70	(0.05)	0.02	1.53	(0.07)
Other Equity	5,136.65	2,983.60	2,774.28	5,136.65	2,774.28

Note : (1) The aforesaid Standalone financial results of IL&FS Investment Managers Limited for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2026 along with comparative period have been reviewed by the Audit Committee at its meeting held on May 29, 2026 and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 29, 2026 in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (2) The financial results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (CA 2013) and other relevant provisions of the CA 2013 as amended from time to time (3) As per requirements of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 108 on 'Operating Segments', based on evaluation of financial information for allocation of resources and assessing performance, the Group has identified a single segment i.e. providing asset management services and other related services. As such, there are no separate reportable business or geographical segments as per Ind AS 108 (4) In Standalone Financial results, the Other income includes Net gains/(losses) on fair value changes on Investments measured at FVTPL, Realised gain/(loss) on Sale of Investments and Others (5) The extended term of existing Funds which were managed/advised by the Company have ended during the year which has resulted in no fee income of the Company. Management expects that its liquid assets held by the Company as at March 31, 2026 will be adequately sufficient to meet the Company's existing and future obligations arising over the next 12 months. Management believes that use of the going concern assumption for preparation of these financial results is appropriate (6) The IL&FS Board has been working on a resolution plan, with a view to enable value preservation for stakeholders of IL&FS Group. The resolution plan, inter alia, involves sale of assets/businesses/Companies owned by IL&FS. And in this regard, the IL&FS Board had on December 21, 2023 invited a public Expression of Interest (EOI) for sale of its entire stake in the Company. In response to the EOI, few prospective bidders have shown interest and the process is underway (7) The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), Government of India, has vide its letter dated October 1, 2018 initiated investigation by Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO) against Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited (IL&FS), the Holding Company and its subsidiaries (including the Company) under Section 212(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. On December 3, 2018, MCA on the directions of the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai (NCLT) has implicated various Group Companies of IL&FS (which includes the Company) as Respondents to the Petition filed by them on October 1, 2018. The Company has received the "Summary of Charges" sent by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs through IL&FS, based on which the Holding Company has submitted the necessary response (8) The above is an extract of the detailed format of year ended Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the unaudited Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange websites at http://www.nseindia.com/ and http://www.bseindia.com/. The same are also available on the Company website at : http://www.ilimindia.com/financials.aspx (9) The Company has 5 Subsidiaries and 1 Jointly Controlled Entity as at March 31, 2026 (10) The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on May 29, 2026, have proposed a final dividend of Rs. 0.70 per equity share amounting to Rs. 2,198.23 Lakhs for FY 2025-26. The proposal is subject to the approval of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (11) On November 21, 2025, the Government of India notified the provisions of the Labour Codes, which consolidate twenty-nine existing labour laws into a unified framework governing employee benefit during and after employment. Among other changes, the Codes introduce a uniform definition of wages and revise certain employee entitlements. The Company has evaluated and disclosed the incremental impact of these changes based on the position presently ascertainable, in line with the guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Company has recognised an incremental expense of Rs. 18.93 Lakh for the year ended March 31, 2026, relating to gratuity obligation, which has been presented as part of employee benefit expenses representing past service cost. The Company continues to monitor the finalisation of Central and State rules, as well as any further clarifications issued by the Government, and will incorporate any additional accounting implications as required in future periods (12) One of the subsidiary of the company namely, IL&FS Investment Advisors LLC and its step down subsidiary namely, Saffron Investment Trust have not provided Audited Financial Statements. Hence, the Consolidated Results of the Group could not be adopted (13) Previous year figures are regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary

For the Order of the Board Sd/- Chitrnanjan Singh Kahlon
Chairman

Mumbai, May 29, 2026

AuSom Enterprise Limited

Regd. Office: - Zaveri House, Fourth Floor, Sanidhya, Opp Planet Landmark Hotel, Bopal- Ambli Road, Bopal, Ahmedabad - 380058, Gujarat, India.
CIN: L67190GJ1984PLC006746, Phone: +91 79 2642 1422-1499,
E-mail: ausom.ael@gmail.com, Website: www.ausom.in

STATEMENT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2026 (RS. IN LAKHS)

Particulars	STANDALONE										CONSOLIDATED				
	Quarter ended 31.03.2026	Quarter ended 31.12.2025	Quarter ended 31.03.2025	Year ended 31.03.2026	Year ended 31.03.2025	Quarter ended 31.03.2026	Quarter ended 31.12.2025	Quarter ended 31.03.2025	Year ended 31.03.2026	Year ended 31.03.2025	Quarter ended 31.03.2026	Quarter ended 31.12.2025	Quarter ended 31.03.2025	Year ended 31.03.2026	Year ended 31.03.2025
	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Total Income from Operations	16361.25	5640.17	15365.13	81394.95	240633.75	144328.94	5619.19	152777.50	209311.85	239755.12					
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	633.55	258.91	1456.22	2489.62	2215.62	177.72	314.72	1182.48	2561.13	2209.07					
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (After Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	633.55	258.91	1456.22	2489.62	2215.62	177.72	314.72	1182.48	2561.13	2209.07					
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax (After Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	661.74	151.85	1377.68	2000.93	1961.93	82.99	206.20	1103.94	1948.08	1955.38					
Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)]	661.54	151.85	1376.19	2000.73	1960.44	82.79	206.20	1102.45	1947.88	1953.89					
Equity Share Capital (Face Value of Rs.10/- each)	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36	1362.36					
Other Equity	-	-	-	14814.27	12949.73	-	-	-	14734.15	12943.18					
Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (For continuing and discontinued operations) (not annualized)															
Basic:	4.86	1.11	10.11	14.69	14.40	0.61	1.51	8.10	14.30	14.35					
Diluted:	4.86	1.11	10.11	14.69	14.40	0.61	1.51	8.10	14.30	14.35					

Note:- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Annual Financial Results filed with the stock exchanges under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarter/Annual Financial Results are available on the stock exchange websites at www.bseindia.com, www.nseindia.com and on company's website www.ausom.in.

For AUSOM ENTERPRISE LIMITED
Sd/- KISHOR MANDALIA
Managing Director

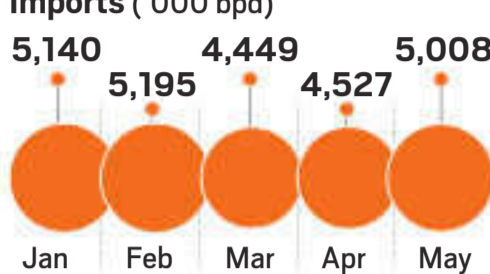
Place: Ahmedabad Date: 29.05.2026

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date

Top crude suppliers	Apr-26	May-26
Russia	1,564	1,935
Saudi Arabia	672.63	395.25
United Arab Emirates	566.6	536.17
Venezuela	272.72	300.83
Brazil	275.66	288.25

INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd. The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

"India's crude imports in May have also remained

strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions.

tions. "Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd. Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

"We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output."

"However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion



the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve

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However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets.

On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

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"Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said.

"Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

"We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

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Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED										
B/1601-1602, B Wing, Mondeal Heights, Iscon Cross Road, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat Phone No. : +91-79-68138700 Fax : +91-79-68138725 CIN : L24230GJ1984PLC007440 Email Id : compliance@concordbiotech.com Website : www.concordbiotech.com Regd. Office & Plant : 1482-1486, Trasad Road, Dholka, District : Ahmedabad - 382225, Gujarat, India Phone No. : +91-2714-222604, 398200 Fax : +91-2714-222504										
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)										
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated				
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72
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5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
CIN : L72200WB1985PLC073196 Regd. Office : P-16, C.I.T. Road, Kolkata - 700001 Tel : 033 40033636/37 Fax: 033 24852932 Web site : www.lccinfotech.in; E-mail : corporate@lccinfotech.co.in					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Basic :	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted :	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹13 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED										
CIN : L65993PN2009PLC134196 Registered Office : Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036 Tel : 91 20 66215000 Website : www.kalyani-investment.com E-mail : investor@kalyani-investment.com										
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)										
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated				
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Regd. Office: 1st Floor, Tower 3, Equinox Business Park, LBS Marg, Off BKC, Kurla (West), Mumbai, 400070, Maharashtra, India; Tel: 022 6750 2000; Fax: 022 2432 7343; Email Id: companysecretarial@sharekhan.com Website: www.sharekhan.com, CIN No. U99999MH1995PLC087498					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)	31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	627	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	--	--	--	--
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	--	--	--	--
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32

a) The above unaudited financial results which are published in accordance with Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, SEBI's Operational circular SEBI/HO/DHS/P/CIR/2021/613 dated August 10, 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on May 27, 2026.
b) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, are the balancing figures between the audited figures of the full financial year and the reviewed and published year-to-date figures upto third quarter of the financial year.
c) The financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016.

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

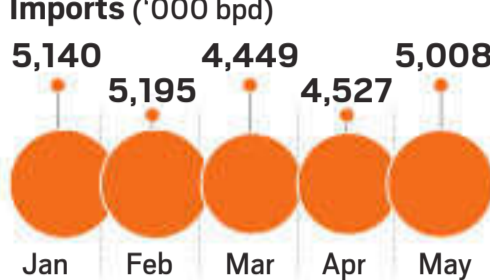
INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd.

The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

"India's crude imports in May have also remained

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date

Top crude suppliers	Apr-26	May-26
Russia	1,564	1,935
Saudi Arabia	672.63	395.25
United Arab Emirates	566.6	536.17
Venezuela	272.72	300.83
Brazil	275.66	288.25

strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

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“Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May,” said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

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5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED										
CIN : L65993PN2009PLC134196 Registered Office : Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036 Tel : 91 20 66215000 Website : www.kalyani-investment.com E-mail : investor@kalyani-investment.com										
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)										
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated				
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23

Note : The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Quarterly Financial Results is available on the websites of Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on Company's website at www.kalyani-investment.com

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED				
CIN : L72200WB1985PLC073196 Regd. Office : P-16, C.I.T. Road, Kolkata - 700001 Tel : 033 4003363/37 Fax: 033 24852932 Web site : www.lccinfotech.in; E-mail : corporate@lccinfotech.co.in				
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Basic :	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)
	Diluted :	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)

For and on behalf of Board of Directors sdi- Shreeram Bagla Managing Director DIN:01895499

Place: Kolkata Date: May 29, 2026

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹13 crore from its short futures positions.

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Regd. Office: 1st Floor, Tower 3, Equinox Business Park, LBS Marg, Off BKC, Kurla (West), Mumbai, 400070, Maharashtra, India; Tel: 022 6750 2000; Fax: 022 2432 7343; Email Id: companysecretarial@sharekhan.com Website: www.sharekhan.com, CIN No. U99999MH1995PLC087498					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)	31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	627	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,826	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	--	--	--	--
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	--	--	--	--
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32

a) The above unaudited financial results which are published in accordance with Regulation 52(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, SEBI's Operational circular SEBI/HO/DHS/P/CIR/2021/613 dated August 10, 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on May 27, 2026. b) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, are the balancing figures between the audited figures of the full financial year and the reviewed and published year-to-date figures upto third quarter of the financial year. c) The financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016.

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Sharekhan Limited CIN: U99999MH1995PLC087498 Sdi- Mr. Moon Kyung Kang Director & CEO DIN: 11159892 Mumbai Date: 27 May, 2026

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

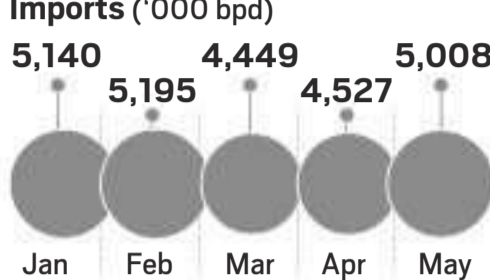
INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd.

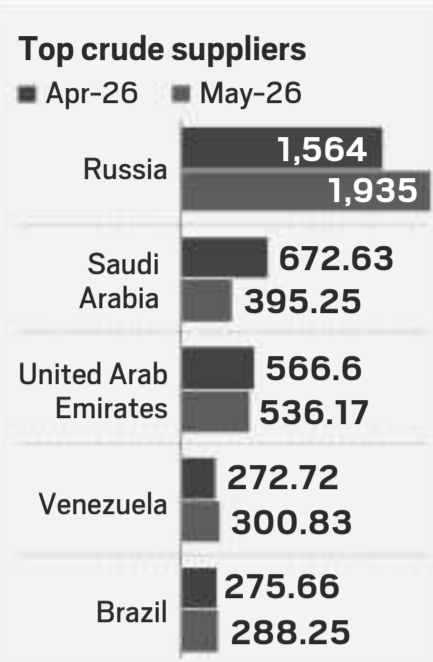
The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

"India's crude imports in May have also remained

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date



strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions.

"Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd.

Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

"We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output."

"However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve



regional integration and reduce critical import dependence. The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance. The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the India AI mission, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector. However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets. On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with "great seriousness", and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging.

"Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said.

"Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

"We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

Markets go into a tailspin...

SIDDHARTH KHEMKA, HEAD of research at Motilal Oswal Financial Services, said the weakness to the revised monsoon forecast and uncertainty surrounding US-Iran negotiations was accentuated as the MSCI Global Standard Index rebalancing came into effect, triggering heightened volatility in select stocks amid expected passive fund flow adjustments and portfolio rebalancing activity.

According to him, the lower monsoon forecast could remain a key domestic overhang for rural and agriculture-linked sectors.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited		
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			Quarter ended 31/03/2025 (Audited)
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -				
	Basic:	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted:	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹13 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity				111,908.84	85,005.05				113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			Year ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	627	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	--	--	--	--
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	--	--	--	--
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

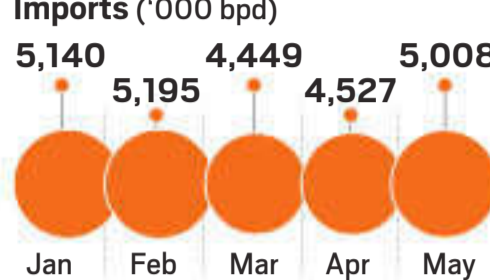
INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd.

The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

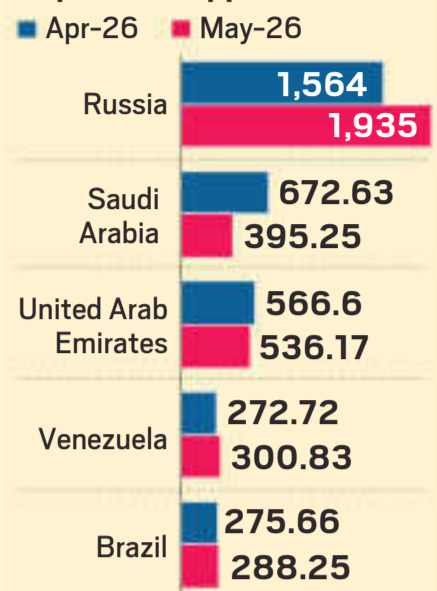
"India's crude imports in May have also remained

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date

Top crude suppliers



strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions.

“Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May,” said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd.

Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

“We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it,” Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. “The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output.”

“However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts,” the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion



the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve

regional integration and reduce critical import dependence.

The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance.

The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the India AI mission, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector.

However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets.

On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with “great seriousness”, and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging.

“Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year,” he said.

“Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending,” he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

“We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon,” Umashankar said.

Markets go into a tailspin...

SIDDHARTH KHEMKA, HEAD of research at Motilal Oswal Financial Services, said the weakness to the revised monsoon forecast and uncertainty surrounding US-Iran negotiations was accentuated as the MSCI Global Standard Index rebalancing came into effect, triggering heightened volatility in select stocks amid expected passive fund flow adjustments and portfolio rebalancing activity.

According to him, the lower monsoon forecast could remain a key domestic overhang for rural and agriculture-linked sectors.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. “Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity,” he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
B/1601-1602, B Wing, Mondeal Heights, Iscon Cross Road, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat Phone No. : +91-79-68138700 Fax : +91-79-68138725 CIN : L24230GJ1984PLC007440 Email Id : complianceofficer@concordbiotech.com Website : www.concordbiotech.com Regd. Office & Plant : 1482-1486, Trasad Road, Dholka, District : Ahmedabad - 382225, Gujarat, India Phone No. : +91-2714-222604, 398200 Fax : +91-2714-222504											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

Notes : (1) The above is an extract of the detailed format of audited Quarterly/ Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the said Quarterly/Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange(s) i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and the listed entity i.e. www.concordbiotech.com. (2) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 are the balancing figures between the audited figures with respect to the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarter ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 which were subjected to limited review. (3) # - Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind-AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable. (4) The above Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on May 29, 2026.

For and on behalf of board of directors of Concord Biotech Limited

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : May 29, 2026Sudhir Vaid
Chairman & Managing Director - DIN : 00055967

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
CIN : L72200WB1985PLC073196 Regd. Office : P-16, C.I.T. Road, Kolkata - 700001 Tel : 033 40033636/37 Fax: 033 24852932 Web site : www.lccinfotech.in; E-mail : corporate@lccinfotech.co.in					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -				
	Basic :	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted :	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Sd/-
Shreeram Bagla
Managing Director
DIN:01895499Place: Kolkata
Date: May 29, 2026

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹513 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
CIN : L65993PN2009PLC134196 Registered Office : Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036 Tel : 91 20 66215000 Website : www.kalyani-investment.com E-mail : investor@kalyani-investment.com											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

Note : The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Quarterly Financial Results is available on the websites of Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on Company's website at www.kalyani-investment.com

Date : May 29, 2026
Place : Pune

Scan to View the detailed Results

FOR KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Amit B. Kalyani
Chairman

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

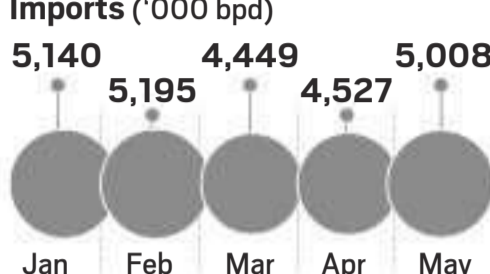
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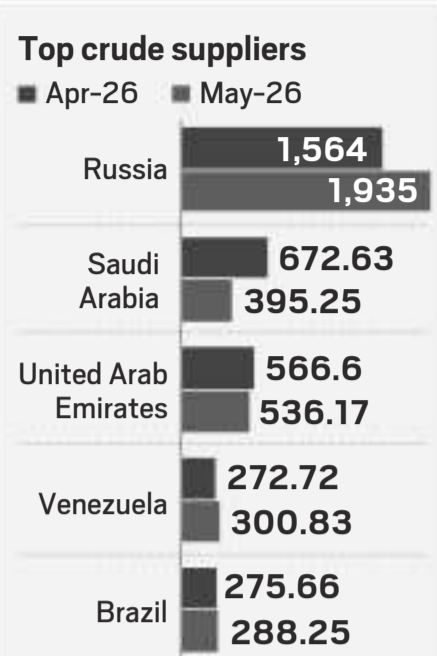
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IMPORT SURGE



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FROM THE FRONT PAGE

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SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

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The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

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7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED				
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Basic:	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)
	Diluted:	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹13 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

SHAREKHAN LIMITED				
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)				
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)	31.03.2026 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	627	423	2,772
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	798	416	2,732
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Net Worth	18,415	15,684	18,415
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	--	--	--
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	8.66	6.77	32.48
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	14.07	7.20	47.19
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	--	--	--
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

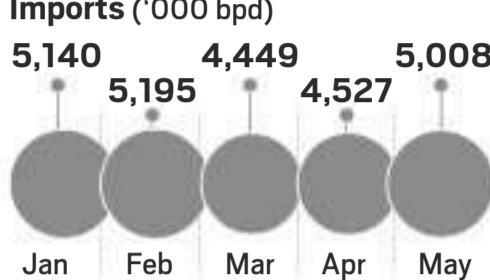
INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd.

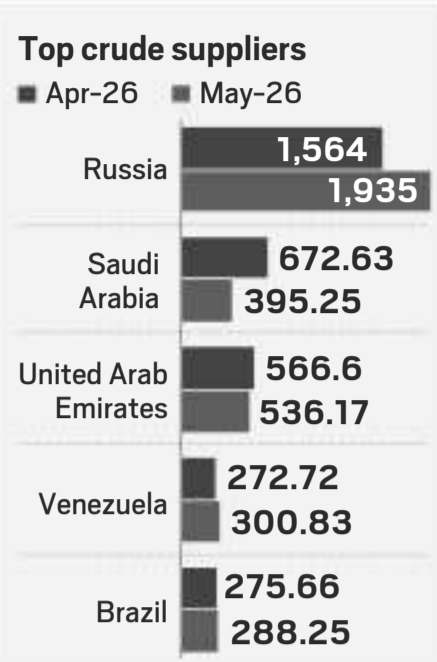
The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

"India's crude imports in May have also remained

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date



strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions.

"Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd.

Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

"We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output."

"However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve



regional integration and reduce critical import dependence.

The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance.

The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the India AI mission, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector.

However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets.

On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

Markets go into a tailspin...

SIDDHARTH KHEMKA, HEAD of research at Motilal Oswal Financial Services, said the weakness to the revised monsoon forecast and uncertainty surrounding US-Iran negotiations was accentuated as the MSCI Global Standard Index rebalancing came into effect, triggering heightened volatility in select stocks amid expected passive fund flow adjustments and portfolio rebalancing activity.

According to him, the lower monsoon forecast could remain a key domestic overhang for rural and agriculture-linked sectors.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with "great seriousness", and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging.

"Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said.

"Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

"We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited		
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			Quarter ended 31/03/2025 (Audited)
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -				
	Basic:	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted:	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹13 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
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5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			Year ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31.03.2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	627	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Net Worth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	--	--	--	--
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹) (not annualised)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹) (not annualised)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	--	--	--	--
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

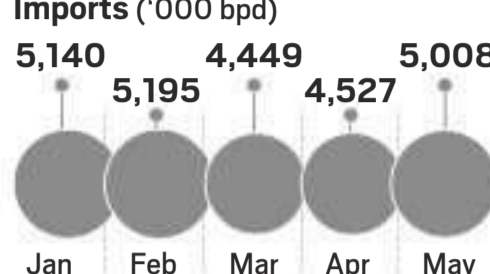
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According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd.

The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

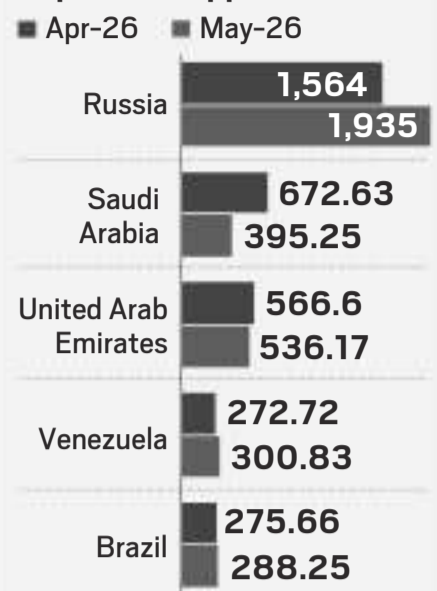
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IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day. Data is month-to-date

Top crude suppliers



strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd.

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"Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

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Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

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New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

"We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output."

"However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion



the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve

regional integration and reduce critical import dependence.

The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance.

The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the India AI mission, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector.

However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets.

On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with "great seriousness", and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging.

"Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said.

"Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

"We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

Markets go into a tailspin...

SIDDHARTH KHEMKA, HEAD of research at Motilal Oswal Financial Services, said the weakness to the revised monsoon forecast and uncertainty surrounding US-Iran negotiations was accentuated as the MSCI Global Standard Index rebalancing came into effect, triggering heightened volatility in select stocks amid expected passive fund flow adjustments and portfolio rebalancing activity.

According to him, the lower monsoon forecast could remain a key domestic overhang for rural and agriculture-linked sectors.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
B/1601-1602, B Wing, Mondeal Heights, Iscon Cross Road, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat Phone No. : +91-79-68138700											
Fax : +91-79-68138725 CIN : L24230GJ1984PLC007440 Email Id : compliance@concordbiotech.com Website : www.concordbiotech.com											
Regd. Office & Plant : 1482-1486, Trasad Road, Dholka, District : Ahmedabad - 382225, Gujarat, India Phone No. : +91-2714-222604, 398200 Fax : +91-2714-222504											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited		
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,929.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

Notes : (1) The above is an extract of the detailed format of audited Quarterly/ Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the said Quarterly/Yearly Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange(s) i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and the listed entity i.e. www.concordbiotech.com. (2) The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 are the balancing figures between the audited figures with respect to the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarter ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 which were subjected to limited review. (3) # - Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind-AS Rules / IAS Rules, whichever is applicable. (4) The above Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on May 29, 2026.

For and on behalf of board of directors of Concord Biotech Limited

Place : Ahmedabad
Date : May 29, 2026Sudhir Vaid
Chairman & Managing Director - DIN : 00055967

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
CIN : L72200WB1985PLC073196					
Regd. Office : P-16, C.I.T. Road, Kolkata - 700001					
Tel : 033 40033636/37 Fax: 033 24852932 Web site : www.lccinfotech.in; E-mail : corporate@lccinfotech.co.in					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -				
	Basic :	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted :	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Sd/-
Shreeram Bagla
Managing Director
DIN:01895499Place: Kolkata
Date: May 29, 2026

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹13 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
CIN : L65993PN2009PLC134196											
Registered Office : Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036 Tel : 91 20 66215000											
Website : www.kalyani-investment.com E-mail : investor@kalyani-investment.com											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited		
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

Note : The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Quarterly Financial Results is available on the websites of Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on Company's website at www.kalyani-investment.com

Date : May 29, 2026
Place : Pune

Scan to View the detailed Results

FOR KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Amit B. Kalyani
Chairman

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

IMPORT SURGE



Supplier	Apr-26	May-26
Russia	1,564	1,935
Saudi Arabia	672.63	395.25
United Arab Emirates	566.6	536.17
Venezuela	272.72	300.83
Brazil	275.66	288.25

INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories. According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd. The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel. "India's crude imports in May have also remained

strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritola, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler. Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disruptions. "Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler. Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd. Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers. "We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday. The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Economy resilient: RBI



THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios. The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of the El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agricultural output. "However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve

regional integration and reduce critical import dependence. The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance. The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the India AI norms, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector. However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets. On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

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modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with "great seriousness", and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging. "Blending of diesel is encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said. "Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added. The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector. The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles. "We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

Markets go into a tailspin...

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would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of macro focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

Apex court reliefs RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order. The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment. It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹513 crore from its short futures positions.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited		
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
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5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	-	-	-	200,929.01	180,218.46	-	-	-	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
1)	Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
2)	Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED				
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	Basic:	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)
	Diluted:	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.07)

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited		
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	-	-	-	111,908.84	85,005.05	-	-	-	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and Diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)	31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	827	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	-	-	-	-
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

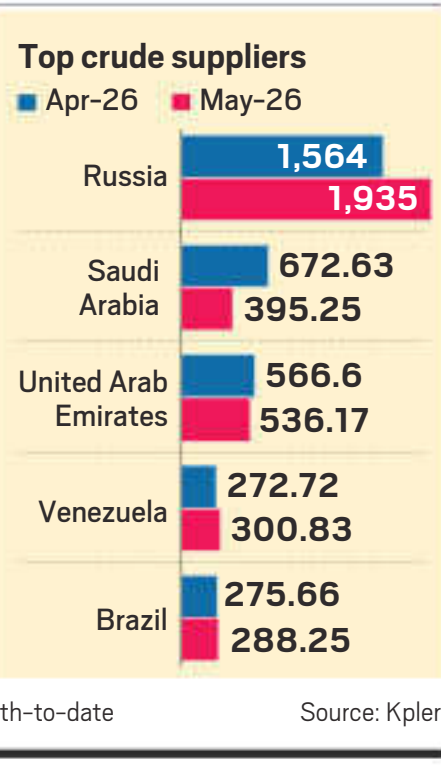
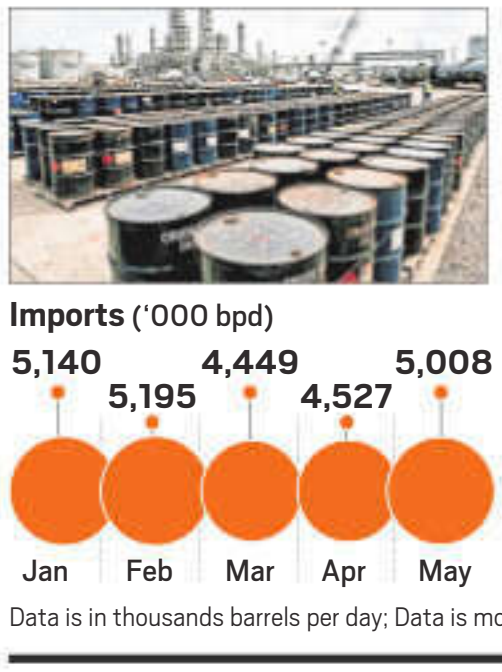
SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA'S CRUDE OIL imports rose 11.2% month-on-month to 5.04 million barrels per day (mbd) in May, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran conflict and potentially the strongest-ever import volume for the month. The increase was driven by higher purchases of Russian and Venezuelan crude, alongside efforts by refiners to rebuild domestic inventories.

According to Kpler data, crude imports increased by approximately 509,000 barrels per day from 4.53 mbd in April and remained well above the country's 2025 average import level of around 4.8 mbd. The surge in imports came despite elevated crude prices. The Indian basket stood at \$97.52 per barrel on May 28, while the month-to-date average for May was \$106.83 per barrel.

"India's crude imports in May have also remained

IMPORT SURGE



Data is in thousands barrels per day; Data is month-to-date Source: Kpler

strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

Russia retained its position as India's largest crude supplier, with imports rising 22.9% month-on-month to 1.93 mbd in May from 1.57 mbd in April. Russian crude accounted for roughly 38% of India's total imports during the month, underscoring its continued dominance despite ongoing geopolitical disrup-

tions. "Weaker crude demand from China has freed up additional barrels into the broader Asian market, while the extension of waivers on Russian supplies and higher Venezuelan imports have further expanded available supply. Together, these factors have helped lift India's crude inflow to current elevated levels in May," said Nikhil Dubey, senior research analyst, refining and modeling at Kpler.

Among other suppliers, Venezuelan crude imports increased 10.3% to 301,000 barrels per day (bpd) from 273,000 bpd in April. Imports from Angola nearly doubled, rising 92.4% to 256,000 bpd from 133,000 bpd, while shipments from the United States more than doubled to 208,000 bpd from 101,000 bpd.

Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

THE GOVERNMENT HAS asked state-run fuel retailers to create liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) reserves equivalent to at least 30 days of demand after supply disruptions during the three-month-long West Asia conflict exposed India's vulnerability to import shocks and underscored the need for larger strategic buffers.

"We are working on the strategic reserves. Oil marketing companies have been asked to work out (a plan) to have LPG reserves for a minimum of 30 days with them, and they are working on it," Sujata Sharma, joint secretary, ministry of petroleum and natural gas, said on Friday.

The government has asked state-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation Ltd (IOC), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd (HPCL) to prepare plans for creating additional LPG storage capacity over and above regular commercial inventories.

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Economy resilient: RBI

THE CENTRAL BANK said the banking sector remains resilient with adequate capital buffers and stable credit growth, though persistent geopolitical tensions and elevated sovereign yields may create near-term stress for corporate earnings and investment portfolios.

The RBI said the agriculture outlook would depend significantly on the progress and distribution of the southwest monsoon. "The likelihood of El Niño conditions poses downside risks to agriculture output."

"However, the rain-inducing positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) conditions are likely to emerge towards the latter part of the monsoon season, which may partly offset adverse impacts," the report said. Improved irrigation, technological advancements and government efforts to ensure adequate fertiliser supplies and diversify sourcing are expected to cushion



the impact. Manufacturing is expected to receive a boost from policy measures announced in the Union Budget 2026-27, with seven strategic sectors — electronics, semiconductors, biopharma, rare earths, chemicals, textiles and capital goods — identified for focused support. The RBI said schemes such as production-linked incentives (PLI), PM E-DRIVE and investments in freight corridors, waterways and logistics infrastructure are likely to strengthen domestic manufacturing capacity, improve

regional integration and reduce critical import dependence.

The services sector outlook remains robust, particularly for software and business services exports, which, along with inward remittances, are expected to support the current account balance.

The RBI also highlighted policy support for the digital economy and artificial intelligence ecosystem, including the IndiaAI mission, tax incentives for data centres and liberalised FDI norms in the space sector.

However, it also pointed that elevated valuations in technology sector may undergo reassessment, raising the risk of corrections in equity markets.

On the external front, the RBI warned that merchandise exports could face pressure from ongoing geopolitical conflicts, supply-chain disruptions and global policy uncertainty.

India may mandate diesel-isobutanol blending

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

INDIA IS LIKELY to introduce a mandate for blending isobutanol with diesel as early as this year, a move that could have a bigger impact on the country's energy security than ethanol blending in petrol, given that diesel consumption is nearly twice that of petrol, Road Transport and Highways Secretary V Umashankar said.

Speaking at the CII Multi-

modal Transportation and Logistics Summit in New Delhi on Friday, Umashankar said the government is examining diesel blending with "great seriousness", and early results from ongoing trials are encouraging.

"Blending of diesel has been looked into with great seriousness. Bharat Petroleum is already undertaking strategic research for isobutanol blending with diesel, and the results are very



encouraging. It is quite likely that the blending mandate will start coming in sometime later this year," he said.

"Diesel consumption is almost two times that of petrol consumption. So, the impact of diesel blending on our energy security will be far greater than even petrol blending," he added.

The proposed mandate is part of a broader set of measures being pursued by the government to improve energy security, reduce dependence on imported fuels and accelerate decarbonisation of the transport

and logistics sector.

The ministry is also preparing to issue a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability, a framework aimed at addressing operational challenges associated with battery charging and battery-swapping infrastructure for heavy-duty electric commercial vehicles.

"We are looking at bringing a draft notification on truck-trailer interchangeability soon," Umashankar said.

Markets go into a tailspin...

SIDDHARTH KHEMKA, HEAD of research at Motilal Oswal Financial Services, said the weakness to the revised monsoon forecast and uncertainty surrounding US-Iran negotiations was accentuated as the MSCI Global Standard Index rebalancing came into effect, triggering heightened volatility in select stocks amid expected passive fund flow adjustments and portfolio rebalancing activity.

According to him, the lower monsoon forecast could remain a key domestic overhang for rural and agriculture-linked sectors.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Investments, said fears

of inflation had intensified due to the deficient monsoon forecast. However, he noted that the downside risk had been partly offset by the recent moderation in crude oil prices and bond yields. Nandish Shah, deputy vice-president at HDFC Securities, attributed the decline in mid- and small-cap stocks to profit booking following the recent rally in the segments.

Looking ahead, market participants expect several key events to shape sentiment next week. Khemka said the RBI's monetary policy meeting, developments in US-Iran negotiations, movements in crude oil prices and shipping activity through the Strait of Hormuz

would be closely watched. "Benchmark indices are likely to remain range-bound next week, although select mid- and small-cap stocks could continue to outperform on the back of healthy earnings momentum and strong domestic liquidity," he added. Nair also added the RBI's policy decision and GDP data release would provide further clarity on the inflation trajectory and overall economic momentum, making them key areas of investor focus. He added that the macroeconomic backdrop appears better than it was a fortnight ago, but confirmation would depend on policy clarity, monsoon normalisation and geopolitical de-escalation.

CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items#)	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	--	--	--	200,329.01	180,218.46	--	--	--	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	1) Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
	2) Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED				
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	--	--	--
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) - Basic	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)
	Diluted	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the SAT had dismissed the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹513 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	--	--	--	111,908.84	85,005.05	--	--	--	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

SHAREKHAN LIMITED				
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)				
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)	31.03.2026 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893
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7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	--	--	--
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	8.66	6.77	32.48
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹)	14.07	7.20	47.19
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	--	--	--
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27

SURGE DRIVEN BY HIGHER PURCHASES OF RUSSIAN, VENEZUELAN CRUDE

India's crude imports jump 11% in May to post-war high

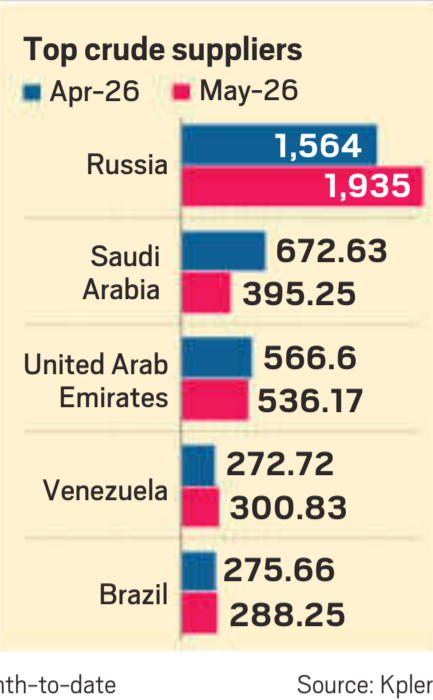
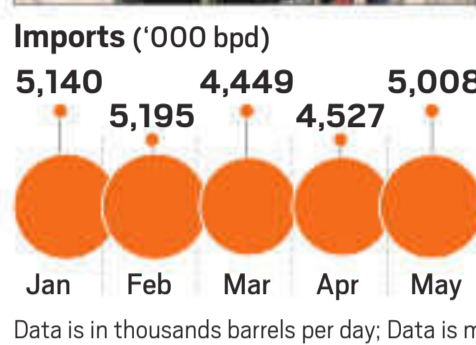
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New Delhi, May 29

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IMPORT SURGE



strong. While the 2025 average stood around 4.8 mbd, May imports are currently tracking near 5.0 mbd, potentially the highest monthly import in May ever, supported primarily by stronger Russian and Venezuelan crude imports," said Sumit Ritolia, Lead Analyst for Refining and Supply at Kpler.

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Brazil supplied 288,000 bpd in May, while UAE remained India's second-largest crude supplier, delivering 536,000 bpd.

Build 30-day LPG reserves: Govt to OMCs

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, May 29

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FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Economy resilient: RBI

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CONCORD BIOTECH LIMITED											
B/1601-1602, B Wing, Mondeal Heights, Iscon Cross Road, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad - 380015, Gujarat Phone No. : +91-79-68138700											
Regd. Office & Plant : 1482-1486, Trasad Road, Dholka, District : Ahmedabad - 382225, Gujarat, India Phone No. : +91-2714-222604, 398200 Fax : +91-2714-222504											
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE/CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026 (Rs. In lakhs except per share data)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited	Quarter ended 31/03/2026 Audited (Refer note 2)	Quarter ended 31/12/2025 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31/03/2025 Audited (Refer note 2)	Year ended 31/03/2026 Audited	Year ended 31/03/2025 Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	32,589.20	27,813.39	42,988.38	105,507.10	120,008.69	32,607.96	27,776.60	42,988.38	105,489.07	120,008.69
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items) #	11,837.76	9,357.25	18,509.46	35,470.72	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,943.13	18,354.42	34,792.26	49,455.33
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items) #	11,837.76	9,029.71	18,509.46	35,143.18	49,587.54	11,407.54	8,615.59	18,354.42	34,464.72	49,455.33
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items) #	9,002.21	6,778.27	14,193.76	26,326.67	37,296.44	8,846.69	6,364.15	14,038.72	25,922.91	37,164.23
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,363.55	9,085.95	14,941.77	31,904.48	37,893.33	10,173.02	8,658.88	14,786.73	31,447.27	37,761.12
6	Equity Share Capital	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16	1,046.16
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year.	-	-	-	200,929.01	180,218.46	-	-	-	200,659.97	180,225.59
8	Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations - Not Annualised)										
1)	Basic	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52
2)	Diluted	8.60	6.48	13.57	25.17	35.65	8.46	6.08	13.42	24.78	35.52

LCC INFOTECH LIMITED					
CIN : L72200WB1985PLC073196					
Regd. Office : P-16, C.I.T. Road, Kolkata - 700001					
Tel : 033 40033636/37 Fax: 033 24852932 Web site : www.lccinfotech.in E-mail : corporate@lccinfotech.co.in					
Extract of Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2026 (₹ In Lakhs except EPS)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2026 (Unaudited)	Year ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)	Quarter ended 31-Mar-2025 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.04	3.07	35.89	33.22
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the quarter/year (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	166.29	2.07
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter/year before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(28.37)	(49.35)	(215.84)	(99.78)
6	Equity Share Capital	3,371.87	3,371.87	2,531.87	2,531.87
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	-
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	Basic :	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.09)	(0.07)
	Diluted :	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.17)	(0.07)

Apex court relief to RIL in 2007 case

THE BENCH DIRECTED the refund of ₹250 crore deposited by Reliance in the investor protection fund following an interim order.

The Supreme Court noted the appeal filed by RIL against the Sebi order, essentially on the ground that it made an illegal and undue gain of ₹447.27 crore while trading in the shares of Reliance Petroleum (RPL) by manipulating the prices to profit in the futures segment.

It was alleged that before undertaking a stake sale of around 5% in RPL, Reliance entered into arrangements with 12 entities that accumulated substantial short positions in RPL futures contracts. According to the Sebi, the move enabled RIL to earn an additional profit of approximately ₹513 crore from its short futures positions.

KALYANI INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED											
EXTRACT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (₹ in Million)											
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated					
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		Quarter Ended		Year Ended			
		March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	December 31, 2025 Unaudited	March 31, 2025 Audited	March 31, 2026 Audited	March 31, 2025 Audited
1.	Total Income from operations	225.75	65.43	237.56	819.20	828.60	218.02	65.43	214.36	780.54	782.20
2.	Profit for the period (before share of net profits of associate, exceptional items, tax)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	189.92	41.90	190.22	641.80	690.21
3.	Profit for the period before tax (after exceptional item)	197.65	41.90	213.42	680.46	736.61	235.03	23.39	347.65	488.72	974.96
4.	Profit for the period after tax	149.53	30.98	156.31	511.17	537.08	193.07	17.12	256.75	367.69	715.44
5.	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	10,659.79	13,409.03	(6,270.60)	26,903.86	3,938.63	10,699.58	13,395.17	(6,172.51)	26,754.75	4,113.70
6.	Equity Share Capital	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65	43.65
7.	Other Equity	-	-	-	111,908.84	85,005.05	-	-	-	113,869.66	87,114.97
8.	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 10/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	34.24	7.09	35.80	117.10	123.03	44.23	3.92	58.81	84.23	163.89

SHAREKHAN LIMITED					
Regd. Office : 1st Floor, Tower 3, Equinox Business Park, LBS Marg, Off BKC, Kurla (West), Mumbai, 400070, Maharashtra, India. Tel: 022 6750 2000; Fax: 022 2432 7343; Email ID: companysecretarial@sharekhan.com Website: www.sharekhan.com; CIN No. U99999MH1985PLC087498					
Extract of audited financial results for the year ended March 31, 2026 (Amounts are in ₹ millions, except per share data)					
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone			
		Quarter ended 31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)	31.03.2026 (Audited)	31.03.2025 (Audited)
1.	Total Income	3,869	3,499	14,893	16,890
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	839	533	2,903	2,961
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,156	559	3,767	3,585
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	827	423	2,772	2,846
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit after tax and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	798	416	2,732	2,831
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	587	587	587	587
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	17,828	15,097	17,828	15,097
8.	Securities Premium Account	4,093	4,093	4,093	4,093
9.	Networth	18,415	15,684	18,415	15,684
10.	Outstanding Debt	38,786	22,417	38,786	22,417
11.	Outstanding redeemable preference shares	-	-	-	-
12.	Debt Equity ratio	2.11	1.43	2.11	1.43
13.	Earnings per Share (before extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹) (not annualised)	8.66	6.77	32.48	37.82
14.	Earnings per Share (after extraordinary items) (of ₹10 each) Basic / Diluted (in ₹) (not annualised)	14.07	7.20	47.19	48.44
15.	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
16.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-
17.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.21
18.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.72	2.02	2.27	2.32